

TABLE 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Guam, 2018

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including private, state and local government ⁵		2.9	1.7	1.5	0.2	1.2
Private industry ⁵		3.5	2.1	1.9	0.2	1.4
Goods-producing ⁵		2.3	1.8	1.6	-	0.5
Construction		1.9	1.4	1.1	-	0.5
Construction	23	1.9	1.4	1.1	-	0.5
Construction of buildings	236	1.8	1.2	0.9	-	0.5
Residential building construction	2361	1.6	1.1	1.0	-	-
Nonresidential building construction	2362	2.1	-	-	-	-
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing		3.4	3.1	3.0	-	-
Manufacturing	31-33	3.4	3.1	3.0	-	-
Food manufacturing	311	-	-	-	-	-
Service-providing		3.7	2.2	2.0	0.2	1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁶		3.6	2.3	2.0	0.3	1.2
Wholesale trade	42	3.2	2.2	2.2	-	1.0
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	3.7	2.5	2.5	-	1.2
Grocery and related product merchant wholesalers	4244	5.4	3.8	3.8	-	-
Retail trade	44-45	2.8	1.6	1.4	-	1.3
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	-	-	-	-	-
Food and beverage stores	445	5.4	2.2	2.2	-	3.1
Grocery stores	4451	5.6	2.3	2.3	-	3.3
Transportation and warehousing ⁶	48-49	5.5	4.2	3.3	0.9	1.4
Truck transportation	484	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities	22	-	-	-	-	-
Information		1.3	-	-	-	-
Finance and insurance	52	0.8	-	-	-	-
Professional and business services		3.2	1.9	1.7	-	1.3
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	1.8	1.7	1.7	-	-
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	3.8	2.0	1.6	-	1.9
Administrative and support services	561	4.0	2.1	1.7	-	2.0
Educational and health services		2.9	0.7	0.7	-	2.2
Educational services	61	-	-	-	-	-
Health care and social assistance	62	3.5	0.8	0.8	-	2.7
Hospitals	622	8.9	-	-	-	8.7
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality		6.0	3.7	3.5	0.2	2.3

TABLE 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Guam, 2018

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	-	-	-	-	-
Accommodation and food services	72	6.3	3.9	3.7	0.2	2.4
Accommodation	721	8.3	5.1	4.7	0.4	3.2
Traveler accommodation	7211	8.3	5.1	4.7	0.4	3.2
Food services and drinking places	722	2.7	1.8	1.8	-	1.0
Other services (except public administration)		1.5	-	-	-	-
State and local government ⁵		1.0	0.4	0.3	-	0.6
State government ⁵		1.0	0.4	0.3	-	0.6
Service-providing		1.0	0.4	0.3	-	0.6
Educational and health services		1.2	-	-	-	1.0
Educational services	61	0.7	-	-	-	0.5
Educational services	611	0.7	-	-	-	0.5
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	-	-	-	-	-
Health care and social assistance	62	3.3	-	-	-	3.2
Hospitals	622	4.0	-	-	-	4.0
Public administration		0.8	0.5	0.5	-	-
Public administration	92	0.8	0.5	0.5	-	-
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	1.2	-	-	-	-
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	1.2	-	-	-	-
Police protection	92212	-	-	-	-	-
Fire protection	92216	-	-	-	-	-

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time equivalent workers and were calculated as: $(N/EH) \times 200,000$, where N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2012

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor