

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

Estimates in this release are based on the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey conducted quarterly by the Guam Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration.

### Employment Concepts

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period, which includes the 12<sup>th</sup> of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data excludes proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers. And domestic workers in households. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period, are counted as employed. The CES survey counts a person employed by two or more establishments at each place of employment. Not counted as employed are persons who are laid off, on leave without pay, or on strike for the entire period or who are hired but have not been paid during the period.

### Industrial Classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS-CES 3 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. This information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly shuttle questionnaire. For an establishment making more than one product or engaged in more than one activity, the entire employment is included under the industry indicated by the most important product or activity. Employment series are classified in accordance with the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, U.S. Office of Management and Budget. The 1972 Classification was used for the CES until March 1989 when a change to the 1987 edition was made.

### Acknowledgements

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Department of Labor  
Government of Guam  
Bureau of Labor Statistics  
P.O. Box 9970  
Tamuning, Guam 96931-9970

LEAH BETH O. NAHOLOWAA Director

Prepared by:  
Gary A. Hiles  
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Chief Economist  
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## June 2011

# Current Employment Report

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### Employment Highlights

The June 2011 preliminary statistics show the number of jobs on Guam decreased 1,250 in the latest quarter and by 830 jobs or 1.3 percent from the comparable period one year ago. The majority of the reduction occurred in the construction industry which dropped 260 jobs, in the latest quarter, and 930 over the year. Hotel employment had been increasing each quarter but abruptly dropped by 200 in June following the March 11th Japan earthquake and tsunami. From March to June average weekly hours paid in Hotels also dropped from 37.6 to 35.8.

Federal employment was essentially unchanged this quarter, but was up by 140 jobs from the prior year's figures. Government of Guam employment declined by 800 in the latest quarter and decreased by 150 jobs over the year. The Executive branch reduction of 320 jobs in comparison to June 2011 can be accounted for by the completion of the 2010 Decennial Census of Population and Housing which employed 450 in June 2010. Government of Guam experienced the usual seasonal dip in employment for the summer as did employment in private schools classified in other services as well as food preparation classified in retail trade.

Private average hourly earnings and average hours worked declined in the latest quarter resulting in average weekly earnings declining from \$447.42 to \$433.94 or three percent.

EMPLOYEES ON PAYROLL BY OWNERSHIP AND INDUSTRY						EMPLOYMENT BY SEX		PRODUCTION WORKERS, WAGES, HOURS AND EARNINGS <sup>1</sup>			
	June <sup>†</sup> 2010	September <sup>†</sup> 2010	December <sup>†</sup> 2010	March <sup>up</sup> 2011	June <sup>p</sup> 2011	March Male	2011 Female	Production Workers	Average Hourly Earnings	Average Weekly Hours Paid	Average Weekly Earnings
<b>PRIVATE SECTOR</b>											
AGRICULTURE	<u>330</u>	<u>330</u>	<u>320</u>	<u>270</u>	<u>270</u>	<u>240</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>240</u>	<u>\$9.10</u>	<u>36.5</u>	<u>\$332.50</u>
CONSTRUCTION	<u>7,030</u>	<u>6,770</u>	<u>6,660</u>	<u>6,360</u>	<u>6,100</u>	<u>5,630</u>	<u>470</u>	<u>4,580</u>	<u>14.58</u>	<u>39.3</u>	<u>572.82</u>
General building contractors	5,470	5,250	5,110	4,660	4,390	4,100	290	3,460	14.24	37.9	539.80
Heavy construction, ex. building	690	690	700	840	840	790	50	730	15.93	43.8	698.38
Special trade contractors	870	830	850	860	870	740	130	390	11.83	40.9	484.20
MANUFACTURING	<u>1,680</u>	<u>1,790</u>	<u>1,790</u>	<u>1,680</u>	<u>1,730</u>	<u>1,370</u>	<u>360</u>	<u>1,070</u>	<u>14.66</u>	<u>38.2</u>	<u>559.74</u>
Food and kindred products	460	470	480	480	480	340	140	240	10.19	35.2	359.79
Printing and publishing	310	330	330	330	330	170	160	100	11.48	35.4	406.18
All other manufacturing	910	990	980	870	920	860	60	730	16.32	39.5	644.02
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	<u>4,600</u>	<u>4,520</u>	<u>4,500</u>	<u>4,420</u>	<u>4,380</u>	<u>2,710</u>	<u>1,670</u>	<u>3,620</u>	<u>15.74</u>	<u>37.5</u>	<u>590.86</u>
WHOLESALE TRADE	<u>2,110</u>	<u>2,090</u>	<u>2,100</u>	<u>2,100</u>	<u>2,110</u>	<u>1,440</u>	<u>670</u>	<u>1,700</u>	<u>10.48</u>	<u>38.4</u>	<u>402.05</u>
RETAIL TRADE	<u>11,420</u>	<u>11,500</u>	<u>11,610</u>	<u>11,420</u>	<u>11,340</u>	<u>5,410</u>	<u>5,930</u>	<u>9,900</u>	<u>10.47</u>	<u>29.8</u>	<u>312.59</u>
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	<u>2,630</u>	<u>2,590</u>	<u>2,650</u>	<u>2,650</u>	<u>2,750</u>	<u>880</u>	<u>1,870</u>	<u>1,940</u>	<u>13.11</u>	<u>37.9</u>	<u>496.79</u>
SERVICES	<u>16,640</u>	<u>16,840</u>	<u>17,160</u>	<u>17,190</u>	<u>16,940</u>	<u>9,230</u>	<u>7,710</u>	<u>14,750</u>	<u>11.09</u>	<u>35.8</u>	<u>397.50</u>
Hotels and other lodging places	5,210	5,330	5,440	5,480	5,280	2,670	2,610	4,360	8.28	35.8	296.20
All other services	11,430	11,510	11,720	11,710	11,660	6,560	5,100	10,390	13.86	35.9	497.87
TOTAL PRIVATE SECTOR	<u>46,440</u>	<u>46,430</u>	<u>46,790</u>	<u>46,090</u>	<u>45,620</u>	<u>26,910</u>	<u>18,710</u>	<u>37,800</u>	<u>12.28</u>	<u>35.3</u>	<u>433.94</u>
<b>PUBLIC SECTOR</b>											
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	<u>3,830</u>	<u>3,870</u>	<u>3,940</u>	<u>3,950</u>	<u>3,970</u>	<u>1,990</u>	<u>1,980</u>				
GOVERNMENT OF GUAM	<u>11,240</u>	<u>11,880</u>	<u>11,870</u>	<u>11,890</u>	<u>11,090</u>	<u>5,340</u>	<u>5,750</u>		20.31 <sup>2</sup>	40.0 <sup>2</sup>	811.74 <sup>2</sup>
Executive branch (Includes D.O.E.)	6,880	7,240	7,140	7,160	6,560						
All others including autonomous	4,360	4,640	4,730	4,730	4,530						
TOTAL PUBLIC SECTOR	<u>15,070</u>	<u>15,750</u>	<u>15,810</u>	<u>15,840</u>	<u>15,060</u>	<u>7,330</u>	<u>7,730</u>				
<b>TOTAL PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT</b>	<u>61,510</u>	<u>62,180</u>	<u>62,600</u>	<u>61,930</u>	<u>60,680</u>	<u>34,240</u>	<u>26,440</u>				

<sup>1</sup> Wages, Hours, and Earnings information is reported for production (nonsupervisory) workers only. Earnings are "gross", they reflect not only changes in basic hourly wage rates, but also such factors as premium pay for overtime work and shift differentials. Average weekly hours information is different from standard or scheduled hours because of such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time, overtime work, and stoppages. Due to the rounding of the Earnings and Hours Paid figures, their multiple may differ from the average weekly earnings rate shown.

<sup>2</sup> Government figures include all employees and are not directly comparable to private sector production worker estimates. March & June 2010 Executive Branch figures include federally funded U.S. Census employees, 130 in March and 450 in June.

<sup>p</sup> Figures are preliminary    <sup>†</sup> Revised estimates    <sup>up</sup> Updated preliminary figures